

### 3.1-3.2 Differentiation Quiz

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Key

1. Complete the following derivative rules:

a) constant all by its lonesome rule  $(c)' = 0$

b) constant multiple rule  $[cf(x)]' = cf'(x)$

c) sum rule  $[f(x) + g(x)]' = f'(x) + g'(x)$

d) power rule  $(x^n)' = nx^{n-1}$

e) natural exponential function rule  $(e^x)' = e^x$

f) ugly exponential function rule  $(b^x)' = b^x \ln b$

2. Find  $f'(x)$  for each function given. It is not necessary to simplify.

a)  $f(x) = 3 + e + 3^3 + e^e + e^3 + 3^e + x^3 + x^e + e^x + 3^x + \ln 3$

$$f'(x) = 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 3x^2 + ex^{e-1} + e^x + 3^x \ln 3 + 0$$

b)  $f(x) = \pi^e + e^\pi + \pi x^e + e^\pi + x^\pi + \pi e^x + \pi^x$

$$f'(x) = 0 + 0 + \pi ex^{e-1} + 0 + \pi x^{\pi-1} + \pi e^x + \pi^x \ln \pi$$

c)  $f(x) = 3e^2 - 5x^4 + 2 \cdot 3^x - 3x^{3/2} + 7x^{-5} + 9e^x - 8x^{-3/5}$

$$f'(x) = 0 - 20x^3 + 2 \cdot 3^x \ln 3 - \frac{9}{2} x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 35x^{-6} + 9e^x + \frac{24}{5} x^{-\frac{8}{5}}$$

d)  $f(x) = \frac{e^8}{4} - \frac{e}{x^{10}} + \frac{1}{e} - \frac{e}{x} + 56\sqrt[8]{x^9} + \frac{54}{\sqrt[7]{x^6}}$

$$f(x) = \frac{e^8}{4} - ex^{-10} + \frac{1}{e} - ex^{-1} + 56x^{\frac{9}{8}} + 54x^{-\frac{6}{7}} \quad \Delta \text{ algebra}$$

$$f'(x) = 0 + 10ex^{-11} + 0 + ex^{-2} + 63x^{\frac{1}{8}} - \frac{324}{7} x^{-\frac{13}{7}} \quad \Delta \text{ calculus}$$

3. Find the equation of the tangent line to  $f(x) = e^x + 10$ : a) at  $x = 3$  b) at  $x = \ln 3$

a)  $x_1 = 3$

$$y_1 = f(3) = e^3 + 10$$

$$f(x) = e^x + 10$$

$$f'(x) = e^x$$

$$f'(3) = e^3$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - (e^3 + 10) = e^3(x - 3)$$

$$y - e^3 - 10 = e^3x - 3e^3$$

$$y = e^3x - 3e^3 + e^3 + 10$$

$$y = e^3x - 2e^3 + 10 \rightarrow$$

$$b) f(x) = e^x + 10$$

$$f'(x) = e^x$$

$$x_1 = \ln 3$$

$$y_1 = f(\ln 3) = e^{\ln 3} + 10 = 3 + 10 = 13$$

$$f'(\ln 3) = e^{\ln 3} = 3$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 13 = 3(x - \ln 3)$$

$$y - 13 = 3x - 3\ln 3$$

$$y = 3x - 3\ln 3 + 13$$