

Python Basics

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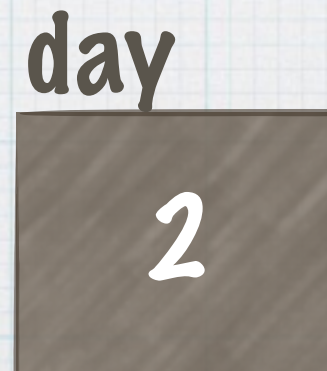
Statement

- * Statement - program instruction
- * One statement per line
- * Similar to a sentence (bullet) in English

Variable/Assignment

- * Similar to a variable in math
- * It is a box in memory used to store information
- * We assign values to store within the variable

day = 2



Variable Rules

- * Must start with a lowercase letter
- * Cannot contain spaces
- * Cannot be a keyword (changes color when you type it in)
- * Do not have to specify type - Python does this at runtime

Expression

- * Returns a value
- * Simple math problem
- * String manipulation

`lunchCost = 5.50 + 1.00 + 1.15`

Example: Name the different components

```
wage = 20
hours = 40
weeks = 50
salary = wage * hours * weeks

print('Salary is:', salary)

hours = 35
salary = wage * hours * weeks
print('New salary is:', salary)
```


Comments

- * Ignored by the interpreter
- * Purely for program readability or notes to the programmer
- * Denoted by '#'

```
#Fifth week of class  
week = 5
```


Output

- * `print()`

- * We can print literal strings using quotation marks

`print("Today is Monday!")` or `print('Today is Monday!')`

- * We can print variables

`print(week)`

- * We can print a combination

`print("Today starts week number", week, "of class")`

Input

- * `input()` function
- * The word function is typically used to denote that a value is returned
- * What does it mean for something to be returned?

Input

- * Reads in a string from the user
- * Will read in all characters until the user hits the return key

```
print("What is your name?")  
name = input()
```

- * This is the same as....

```
name = input("What is your name?")
```


What happens if you want to read in a number?

- * The String type means words/text
- * Numbers can be integers (int) or decimals (decimal or float)

```
print("Enter your score:")  
score = int(input())
```

```
print("Enter your average:")  
average = float(input())
```


Errors

- * Syntax errors

- * Equivalent to spelling/grammar errors

- * The cat meowed at the dawg.

- * Logic errors

- * Equivalent to a content error

- * The cat barked at the dog.

Let's Code!

* Let's write three programs:

1. `print Hello, World!`
2. Read in the user's name and print: Good morning, [user's name]!
3. Read in two numbers from the user. Print the sum, difference, and product.

Sum: [sum]

Difference: [first number - second number]

Product: [product]