

# Imperative Mood

The Imperative Mood expresses a command. There are only two forms, 2nd person singular and plural. For example:

Write the letter!

Scrībe litterās!

(addressed to one person)

Write the letter!

Scrībite litterās!

(addressed to two or more people.)

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# Imperative Forms

Conjugation	Singular	Plural
1st	amā	amāte
2nd	habē	habēte
3rd	scrībe	scrībite
3rd -io	cupī	cupīte
4th	audī	audīte

# Practice (translate into English)

1) Write! (sing.) \_\_\_\_\_

2) Look at the tree! (pl) \_\_\_\_\_

3) Speak! (sing.) \_\_\_\_\_

4) Love the gods! (pl.)

\_\_\_\_\_

# sum, esse, fui, futūrum

Person	Singular	Plural
1st	<b>sum</b> (I am)	<b>sumus</b> (we are)
2nd	<b>es</b> (you are)	<b>estis</b> (you are)
3rd	<b>est</b> (he/she/it is)	<b>sunt</b> (they are)

# Practice (Translate into Latin)

- 1) She is Aelia.
- 2) They are girls.
- 3) You are Aelia's brother.
- 4) He is the father.
- 5) I am the tutor's son.

# possum, posse, potuī

Person	Singular	Plural
1st	possum	possumus
2nd	potes	potestis
3rd	potest	possunt

# Practice (Translate into English)

- 1) Potest divitias cupere.
- 2) Possunt sermōnem intellegere
- 3) Potestis sacra deis dare.
- 4) Possum litteris studēre.
- 5) Possumus arbōres audīre.

# eō, īre, iī/īvī, itum

Person	Singular	Plural
1st	eō	īmus
2nd	īs	ītis
3rd	it	eunt



# Practice (Translate into Latin)

1) She is going to the forum.

2) They go home.

3) We are going into the city

# 1.1 SALVĒ, AELIA!

Salvēte, nōmen mihi est Aelia. Fīlia Publiī Aeliī Hilāriānī sum. Pater mihi est prōcūrātor Africae. Carthāgo, urbs mihi, est in Africā. Frātre[m] habeō, sed sorōrem nōn habeō; Apollōnius est nōmen frātrī. Ad forum Carthāginis saepe imus ubi sermōnēs virōrum sapientium audīre possumus. Paedagōgum etiam habēmus; nōmen paedagōgō est Sophrōnius. Meum amōrem sapientiae intellegit, sed īram habet sī umquam in studiīs errō. Post studia lanam faciō cum mātrem et sacra prō deīs dō.

prōcūrātor: “governor”

Africae: “of Africa” (Africa, Africae f.- Africa)

Carthāgo: “Carthage” (Carthāgo, Carthāginis f. - Carthage)

sapientium: “wise” (sapiēns, sapientis - wise)

etiam: “also”

faciō: “I make”

# 1.2 SALVĒ, APOLLŌNĪ!

Nōmen mihi est Publius Aelius Apollōnius. Fīlius sum Publiī Aeliī Hilāriānī et frāter Aeliae. Sophrōnius est et paedagōgus mihi; mē litterās scrībere et studēre Hannibalem Barcam iubet. Studia numquam amāvī, sed Hannibalem amō quia dūxit exercitum sīcut pater. Et ego quondam dūcere exercitum cupiō.

## 1.2 NOTAE

**mē:** "me"

**Hannibale Barca:** Hannibal was a famous Carthaginian general.

**exercitum:** "army"

**dūxit:** "he led" (**dūcō, dūcere, dūxī, ductum** - to lead)

**sīcut:** "like"

# 1.3 SALVĒ, HILĀRIĀNE!

Nōmen mihi est Publius Aelius Hilāriānus. Prōcūrātor Africae sum et paterfamilias. Nōmen uxor mihi est Monica. Liberōs habēmus, fīlium fīliamque. Fīlia studia amat, sed fīlius studēre nōn cupit. Sunt tamen liberī bonī. Familia uxōris dīvitiās habet et multōs deōs alienōs; nam Monica Maura est. Itaque egō familiaque deōs Romanōs, Africanōs, et maximē gentem Septimiam colimus.

## 1.3 NOTAE

**pater familias:** “head of the household” (lit. “father of the family,” the pater familias had complete authority over his children, wife, and enslaved people)

**Monica:** “Monica” (**Monica, -ae f.** is a traditional Berber name.)

**Maura:** “Moorish, Berber, native African”

**multōs...aliēnōs:** “many...foreign” (modifies **deōs**)

**Rōmānōs:** Rōmānus, -a, -um - “Roman” (modifies **deōs**)

**colimus:** “we worship” (**colō, colere, coluī, cultum** - worship, cultivate)

**maximē:** adverb. - especially

**gentem Septimiam:** “The Septimian gens” or “the imperial family” (Septimius Severus was the first Roman Emperor from Africa.)

# 1.4 SALVĒ, MONICA!

Nōmen mihi est Monica et uxor sum Publīi Aeliī Hilāriānī. Gens mihi nōn ex Ītaliā est, ut gens virī, sed Africāna. Itaque Maura sum. Mater sum Apollōniī Aeliaeque. Studia liberōrum sunt mihi magnī momentī. Aelia litterās amat, sicut egō. Nunc infirma sum. Quia salvēre cupiō, sacra prō deīs et gente Septimia saepe dō.

## 1.4 NOTAE

**ut:** "like"

**Africāna:** "African" (**Africanus, -a, -um** - African)

**magnī momentī:** "of great importance"

**faciō:** "I make" (**faciō, facere, fēcī, factum** - to make, do)

**infirma:** "sick"